## What is Energy?



I.	Energy	_ is the ability to do work. Work	happens when
	<u>causes</u>	an object to change	or <u>MBVE.</u>
II.	t a t	_ energy is the energy of MOTIC	
	objects have <u>Kinetic</u> energy.		
	KINETIC energy (KE) depe	nds on <u>Speed</u> and	force/mass. The
	speed an object has the kinetic energy it has. The		
	MOCE force	e an object has the MBCC	kinetic energy it has.
Which has more kinetic energy (KE) a car moving 50 km/hr OR a car moving 90 km/hr?			
	30  km/hr	objects with ma	re speed have
Whic	h has more kinetic energy (1	KE) an elephant running 3m/sec O	R an ant moving running 3m/sec?
	<b>\</b>	cts with more	r 1 - 1
III. <u>Parential</u> energy is the stored energy an object has because of its position.			
POTENTIAL energy (PE) depends on WEIGHT & NEIGHT. The			
		n object has the <u>VMOTE</u>	
higher up an object is, the more PE it will have.			
Which object has more PE in each example and why?			
1. A	roller coaster at the TC	P of a hill because high	er objects have more RE.
2. A Bowling ball because objects with more weight have more P.E			
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